

Local Government Pension Scheme

Understanding III Health Retirement Process

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What this session will cover

- Employer Roles and Responsibilities
- Managing the members ill Health process

Outcomes

- To empower you to make decisions on ill health pension requests
- Confidently process ill health applications
- How to avoid disputes

What is III Health Retirement?

- Important protection
- Three tiers of protection (Actives)
- One tier of protection (Deferred)
- Strict eligibility criteria
- You make the decision

Popular subject for disputes – Important to get it right.

Your Responsibilities (for your current employees)

- The employer to instigate an ill-health retirement process for their active employees
- The employer must consider the following questions separately for each pensionable employment and make a decision:

Decision 1: Is employee fit to continue in current employment?

Decision 2: Are they eligible?

Decision 3: What tier?

- Your decision must be made based on the opinion of the Independent Registered Medical Practitioner (IRMP)
- Ultimately the employer's decision!

Decision 1:

Fit to continue in current employment?

- Make this decision after receiving advice from your Occupational Health advisor
- Examples:
 - Temporary illness that is taking several months to treat
 - Potentially permanent condition for which normal medical treatment regimes have not yet been exhausted
 - Permanent condition where treatment has now finished



Decision 2: Are they eligible?

To be entitled to a ill health pension the employee must:

- be below Normal Pension Age
- be dismissed on grounds of ill health
- have at least two years qualifying service*
- be <u>permanently incapable</u> of discharging efficiently, the duties of their current employment
- Not be immediately capable of undertaking gainful employment
- have been certified by the Independent Registered Medical Practitioner as meeting the ill health pension criteria

*Not just 2 years in current employment, they may have other qualifying service.

What does Permanently Incapable mean?

- The member will, **more likely than not**, be incapable to do the current job efficiently until, at the earliest, his/her Normal Pension Age
 - Please note '**normal pension age**' is now linked to the individual member's State Pension Age.
- "More likely than not" is key

- Probability Test - If a member would, on the balance of probabilities, recover sufficiently to be capable of undertaking their current/former employment before their normal pension age they cannot be said to be permanently incapable



What is "Gainful Employment"?

- Any paid employment 30 hours a week minimum of 12 months
- not comparable to the current employment
- A permanent variable hours contract only becomes gainful employment when a pattern of 30 hours has been established



Independent Medical Practitioner (IRMP)

- Independent Registered Medical Practitioner
 - As the name implies must be independent
 - Must be qualified in occupational health medicine
- Approved by the Administering Authority

- See Fund website for up to date list

- IRMP NOT being asked to confirm ill health dismissal, but to give a medical opinion on the case
- IRMP considers medical factors only NOT factors like the availability of gainful employment in a particular area



Decision 3: What tier?

- What level of benefits to award them
- The Independent Registered Medical Practitioner (IRMP) will indicate their medical **opinion** as to which tier of benefits is appropriate.
- Your decision not the Practitioners
- This is an important decision as it will determine:
 - Applicable enhancements
 - Permanent or temporary



Ill Health Tiers

Tier	Criteria	Benefit	Payment Period
1	Member is incapable of undertaking any gainful employment before NPA	Enhancement based on 100% of the further annual pension that would have been achieved between leaving and NPA	Permanent
2	Member is incapable of undertaking any gainful employment for at least 3 years but it is likely they will be capable of doing so before NPA	Enhancement based on 25% of the further annual pension that would have been achieved between leaving and NPA	Permanent
3	It is likely that the member will be capable of undertaking gainful employment within 3 years	No enhancement - Based on actual pension built up	Maximum 3 years but will cease if member obtains gainful employment, subject to 18 month review

Employment vs Pension issues

Two separate processes that come together towards the end

- Are you going to continue to employ this person?
- Are they eligible for an ill health pension?
- For success you have to manage the employees expectations
- No promises!



Employers must determine

Employers must determine:

- Is the employee eligible e.g. below Normal Pension Age, have 2 years qualifying pensionable service
- Does the member hold a deferred pension
- Does the IRMP consider the member's condition make them permanently incapable (to normal retirement age) of their current role
- Does the IRMP consider the member have a reduced likelihood of undertaking ANY gainful employment before normal retirement age



IRMPs & Certification

Must declare that they have not previously:

- Advised on the case
- Given an opinion on the case
- Been involved in the case

Must state that they have not acted as the representative of:

- The employee
- The employer
- Any other party in relation to the case

Statements included on Medical Certificate



Ill Health Process

- Generally three stages for current employees:
 - Stage 1 Employer monitors sickness absence under policy and in conjunction with Occupational Health provider
 - Stage 2 Health Assessment Employer makes referral to IRMP for medical opinion and certificate
 - Stage 3 Dismissal Employer decides level of ill health retirement (or not) and terminates employment



Stage 1 – Sickness Absence

- Ensure medical process commence BEFORE termination of employment on ill health
- Monitor and manage sickness absence in accordance with policy and Occupational Health
- Make adjustments to existing job
- Consider re-deployment, part time work, career break, re-training
- Comply with Disability Discrimination Act
- Don't raise member's expectations



Stage 2 – IRMP Assessment

Employer to provide the IRMP with

- •The Job Description
- Member's sickness record
- •OHU report
- •Ill Health Template Form (Fund's Website)



Employer Decision

Employer determines

- Whether ill health is met or not
- Tier of benefit awarded 1,2 or 3

Remember to obtain signed medical certificate where the IRMP indicates not permanent ill health and notify Fund



Stage 3 - Dismissal

Inform the employee of your decision and agree a dismissal date. Provide member with right of appeal

Ill Health retirement criteria is met

 HR dismiss employee and inform Pensions of III Health Retirement

Ill Health retirement is not met

- HR dismiss employee inform member of reason for refusal
- Pensions calculate Deferred Benefit

Ill Health benefits cannot be awarded if the member resigns

Retirement Process

Employer sends relevant forms and certificates to Pensions

- Leaver Form
 - Reason for leaving ill health and Tier and Report
 - CARE Pay
 - Final Pay
- Copy of dismissal letter
- Completed and signed ill health certificate



Retirement Process

Pensions Team provide member with options and forms

- Details of pension options
- Lifetime Allowance Form
- Bank Details Form
- Expression of wish form
- Request copies of birth certificates etc

On receipt of the members completed forms, the Pensions Team will arrange payment of benefits



Tier 3 Review – Employer Role

- Tier 3 pensioner MUST notify employer when gainful employment obtained
- Must provide details of pay and working hours
- Employer decides whether employment is gainful
- If it is inform Pensions of the date to stop payments
- If overpayment (gross amount) is recovered pay over to Pension Fund asap
- Short term contracts (less than 12 months) do not constitute gainful employment
- Open ended contract for 30 hours or more per week = gainful employment



Tier 3 – 18 Month Review – Employer Role

- Employer must conduct a review after 18 months
- If the member is in gainful employment stop the payment can recover any overpayment (employers discretion)
 - Notify Pensions using the 18 month review decision certificate
- If the member is not in gainful employment obtain a further certificate from an IRMP
 - Can be the original IRMP
- The IRMP certifies as to the member's capability of undertaking gainful employment in the future following which the employer:
 - Stops the payment immediately if capable of gainful employment
 - Continues the payment but stops when benefits paid for 3 years
 - Uplifts to tier 2 (never tier 1)

Uplift to Tier 2 – Employer Decision

- At anytime up to review (but most likely following Tier 3 review) or at any stage up to 3 years after Tier 3 pension stopped
- MUST relate to condition that resulted in Tier 3 pension
- IRMP certifies that:
 - Member no longer capable of undertaking gainful employment within 3 years of date of leaving
- Uplift paid from date of review
- 25% of enhancement calculated from date of leaving

NB no option to commute additional pension for a cash lump sum

Ill Health Requests: Deferred Members

- You may receive requests for deferred pensions to be paid on ill health from:
 - Former employees
 - Active employees who have opted out of the scheme
 - Employees who are current members but also have a deferred pension
- Your decision to award
- Only receive unenhanced benefits



Ill Health Requests: Deferred Members Employer Role

- Receives application from former employee for early release of pension
- Refers the former employee to an independent registered medical practitioner (IRMP)
- Obtains the IRMP medical opinion and certificate
- Decides whether to release deferred members benefit on ill health grounds and informs former employee of this decision
- Notifies Staffordshire Pension Fund of its decision
- Provides Staffordshire Pension Fund with the medical certificate



Deferred Members relevant dates for payment of ill health benefits

Leaving date before 01/04/1998 – date the IRMP certificate met the permanency criteria

Leaving date between 01/04/1998 and 31/03/2008 – date the member made their application

Leaving date on or after 01/04/2008 and before 01/04/2014 – date the IRMP certifies the member met the permanency criteria

Leaving date after 31/03/2014 – this is the date the employer determines the ill health benefits should be released



Death in Service vs Ill Health

- In cases of terminal illness SPEEDING UP THE PROCESS IS CRUCIAL
- In most cases ill-health retirement provides the better overall 'financial package'
- Pensions will provide comparison estimates in these sensitive cases
- Fast track the case via OHU provider
- Death before employment is terminated results in death in service benefits



Internal Dispute Resolution Procedure (IDRP)

- Any decision made regarding ill health can be appealed by the member including:
 - Entitlement to an ill health benefit
 - Failure to make a decision
 - Disagreement about the tier of benefit
 - The certification process
 - Suspension of tier 3 pension
- IRMPs do NOT make the decision



Summary

- Ensure your sickness absence procedure is followed
- Ensure timely referral to IRMP
- Ensure all up to date medical evidence is provided to the IRMP
- Monitor certification process and ensure the IRMP signs it
- Decide whether the case is an ill health retirement or not
- Decide which level of ill-health benefit to award and sign the certificate
- Where there is no ill health benefit awarded ensure member is notified of reason



New Forms ...

Certificates (April 2021)

Certificates for active employees

• Active Certificate 2014 Scheme (70 KB) - to be used for any case where an Active member is being sent for Ill Health assessment after 1 April 2014

Certificates for deferred members

The certificates below are for members of the LGPS

- 🗐 Deferred Benefits LGPS 2014 (66KB) for members with a Deferred Benefit awarded after 1 April 2014
- Deferred Benefits LGPS 2008 (68KB)- for members with a Deferred Benefit awarded between 1 April 2008 and 31 March 2014
- Deferred Benefits LGPS 1997 (66KB) for members with a Deferred Benefit awarded between 1 April 1998 and 31 March 2008
- 🗐 Deferred Benefits LGPS 1995 (70KB) for members with a Deferred Benefit awarded before 31 March 1998

The certificates below are for Councillor members of the LGPS (i.e. elected Councillors who chose to join the LGPS - this is no longer an option for Councillors elected after 1 April 2014)

• Deferred Benefits (Councillor) (66KB)

Certificates for tier 3 ill health retirement cases

The certificates below are for Tier 3 benefits awarded after 1 April 2014

- Review of tier 3 ill-health pension (in payment) LGPS 2014 (60KB) February 2020
- Review of tier 3 ill-health pension (within 3 years of cessation) LGPS 2014 (59KB) January 2020
- 🖾 Review of tier 3 ill-health pension (more than 3 years after cessation) LGPS 2014 (60KB)

The certificates below are for Tier 3 benefits awarded between 1 April 2008 and 31 March 2014

- Review of tier 3 ill-health pension (within 3 years of cessation) LGPS 2008 (64KB)
- 🗐 Review of tier 3 ill-health pension (more than 3 years after cessation) LGPS 2008 (62KB)

Further information

www.staffspf.org.uk

For more information on your LGPS benefits and an on line benefits Calculator

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Questions?

